T18-0091

Effective Federal Tax Rates - All Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Тах	Units	As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	47,340	25.8	-4.6	6.9	0.7	0.0	0.9	3.9		
Second Quintile	39,970	21.8	0.5	7.1	0.9	0.0	0.7	9.3		
Middle Quintile	37,490	20.4	5.1	7.5	1.1	*	0.7	14.5		
<b>Fourth Quintile</b>	31,290	17.1	7.8	8.2	1.3	*	0.7	18.0		
<b>Top Quintile</b>	26,210	14.3	16.8	6.1	2.4	0.2	0.5	26.0		
All	183,490	100.0	10.9	6.8	1.8	0.1	0.6	20.3		
Addendum										
80-90	13,580	7.4	9.9	8.6	1.5	0.1	0.6	20.6		
90-95	6,540	3.6	12.2	7.9	1.8	0.1	0.6	22.6		
95-99	4,910	2.7	17.6	6.2	2.1	0.2	0.5	26.6		
Top 1 Percent	1,190	0.7	25.4	2.5	4.0	0.4	0.3	32.6		
Top 0.1 Percent	120	0.1	25.9	1.4	5.3	0.4	0.2	33.1		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see : <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$29,600; 40% \$56,500; 60% \$97,600; 80% \$171,000; 90% \$247,200; 95% \$362,500; 99% \$842,000; 99.9% \$4,106,300.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

(5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.(6) Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091

Effective Federal Tax Rates - All Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

	Тах	Units	As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	38,810	21.2	-8.5	8.3	0.6	0.0	1.0	1.4		
Second Quintile	37,320	20.3	-0.6	7.2	0.7	0.0	0.8	8.1		
Middle Quintile	37,590	20.5	3.8	7.6	1.0	0.0	0.7	13.1		
<b>Fourth Quintile</b>	35,220	19.2	7.3	8.2	1.2	*	0.7	17.5		
<b>Top Quintile</b>	33,350	18.2	16.4	6.1	2.4	0.2	0.5	25.6		
All	183,490	100.0	10.9	6.8	1.8	0.1	0.6	20.3		
Addendum										
80-90	17,190	9.4	9.9	8.3	1.5	0.0	0.6	20.4		
90-95	8,500	4.6	12.2	7.9	1.8	0.0	0.6	22.6		
95-99	6,190	3.4	16.9	6.2	2.2	0.2	0.5	26.0		
Top 1 Percent	1,480	0.8	25.1	2.6	3.9	0.5	0.3	32.3		
Top 0.1 Percent	140	0.1	25.8	1.3	5.3	0.5	0.2	33.2		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.

<sup>(6)</sup> Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091

Effective Federal Tax Rates - Single Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax <sup>5</sup>	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	22,880	26.6	-3.4	7.0	0.7	0.0	1.1	5.4		
Second Quintile	19,540	22.7	1.2	5.7	0.9	0.0	0.8	8.6		
Middle Quintile	18,430	21.4	4.9	6.7	1.3	*	0.7	13.5		
Fourth Quintile	14,250	16.5	8.5	7.6	1.6	0.1	0.7	18.4		
Top Quintile	10,350	12.0	14.9	6.2	2.7	1.0	0.5	25.3		
All	86,140	100.0	9.1	6.6	1.9	0.4	0.6	18.6		
Addendum										
80-90	5,800	6.7	10.9	7.9	1.9	0.1	0.6	21.4		
90-95	2,720	3.2	12.1	7.8	2.3	0.2	0.5	22.9		
95-99	1,500	1.8	15.4	5.8	2.9	1.3	0.4	25.8		
Top 1 Percent	330	0.4	23.8	2.3	4.3	2.8	0.3	33.5		
Top 0.1 Percent	30	0.0	25.0	1.1	6.0	2.8	0.2	35.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see : <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091
Effective Federal Tax Rates - Married Tax Units, Filing Jointly
By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 <sup>1</sup>

**Baseline: Current Law** 

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax l	Jnits	As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax <sup>5</sup>	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	7,590	11.1	-7.7	7.9	0.6	0.0	0.9	1.7		
Second Quintile	9,480	13.8	-0.9	6.9	0.6	0.0	0.8	7.4		
Middle Quintile	12,800	18.6	3.1	7.6	0.8	0.0	0.8	12.3		
Fourth Quintile	17,270	25.2	6.7	8.3	1.1	0.0	0.7	16.8		
Top Quintile	21,120	30.8	16.8	6.1	2.3	*	0.5	25.6		
All	68,650	100.0	12.6	6.7	1.9	*	0.6	21.8		
Addendum										
80-90	10,290	15.0	9.6	8.4	1.3	0.0	0.7	19.9		
90-95	5,310	7.7	12.2	7.9	1.7	0.0	0.6	22.4		
95-99	4,460	6.5	17.1	6.3	2.1	*	0.5	26.0		
Top 1 Percent	1,060	1.6	25.5	2.7	3.6	0.1	0.3	32.2		
Top 0.1 Percent	100	0.2	26.4	1.5	4.8	0.1	0.3	33.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091
Effective Federal Tax Rates - Head of Household Tax Units
By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax l	Jnits	As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax <sup>5</sup>	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	7,910	31.7	-17.7	10.8	0.6	0.0	0.8	-5.5		
Second Quintile	7,670	30.7	-3.4	9.9	0.6	0.0	0.7	7.8		
Middle Quintile	5,310	21.3	2.8	9.3	0.8	0.0	0.7	13.5		
Fourth Quintile	2,790	11.2	7.2	9.4	1.0	0.0	0.7	18.2		
Top Quintile	1,260	5.0	15.6	6.3	2.7	0.1	0.5	25.3		
All	24,980	100.0	3.0	8.9	1.2	*	0.7	13.8		
Addendum										
80-90	800	3.2	10.1	9.0	1.3	0.1	0.7	21.2		
90-95	310	1.2	13.3	7.5	1.6	0.1	0.5	23.0		
95-99	120	0.5	18.5	5.6	1.6	0.2	0.5	26.3		
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	23.9	1.8	6.2	0.2	0.3	32.3		
Top 0.1 Percent	0	0.0	23.1	0.7	8.8	0.1	0.2	32.9		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091

Effective Federal Tax Rates - Tax Units with Children

By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

	Tax l	Jnits	As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	12,770	22.5	-17.3	10.8	0.7	0.0	0.9	-5.0		
Second Quintile	12,560	22.2	-3.2	10.2	0.7	0.0	0.7	8.3		
Middle Quintile	11,190	19.8	2.8	9.8	0.8	0.0	0.7	14.1		
Fourth Quintile	10,370	18.3	6.8	10.1	0.9	0.0	0.7	18.5		
Top Quintile	9,570	16.9	17.9	6.5	2.0	*	0.5	27.0		
All	56,650	100.0	10.8	8.1	1.5	*	0.6	21.0		
Addendum										
80-90	4,750	8.4	9.6	9.7	1.1	0.0	0.6	21.2		
90-95	2,340	4.1	13.3	8.6	1.5	0.0	0.6	23.9		
95-99	1,980	3.5	18.8	6.6	1.6	*	0.5	27.5		
Top 1 Percent	510	0.9	26.3	2.8	3.4	0.1	0.3	32.8		
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	26.1	1.6	4.9	0.1	0.3	33.0		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0718-1).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see : <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

- (4) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.

T18-0091

Effective Federal Tax Rates - Elderly Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Income Percentile, 2028 

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		As a Percentage of Expanded Cash Income							
	Number (Thousands)	Percent of Total	Individual Income Tax <sup>4</sup>	Payroll Tax⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax <sup>6</sup>		
Lowest Quintile	7,710	14.8	-0.8	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.7	2.0		
Second Quintile	12,670	24.4	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.0	0.7	3.0		
Middle Quintile	12,410	23.9	3.5	1.7	1.4	*	0.7	7.3		
Fourth Quintile	10,100	19.4	7.6	2.6	2.0	0.1	0.6	12.9		
Top Quintile	8,580	16.5	16.3	3.1	3.8	0.8	0.4	24.4		
All	52,030	100.0	10.9	2.6	2.8	0.5	0.5	17.2		
Addendum										
80-90	4,510	8.7	10.9	3.7	2.4	0.1	0.5	17.7		
90-95	2,120	4.1	12.4	3.9	3.1	0.2	0.5	20.0		
95-99	1,560	3.0	15.8	3.8	3.7	1.0	0.4	24.7		
Top 1 Percent	400	0.8	23.3	1.6	5.4	1.6	0.2	32.2		
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	24.2	0.8	6.5	1.4	0.2	33.1		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0718-1).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

<sup>\*</sup> Non-zero value rounded to zero; \*\* Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2028 as of August 23, 2018. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see : <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm</a>

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2018 dollars): 20% \$20,400; 40% \$38,100; 60% \$64,400; 80% \$105,700; 90% \$152,100; 95% \$217,600; 99% \$489,800; 99.9% \$2,289,500.

<sup>(4)</sup> After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.