PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T17-0227

Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2027¹ Summary Table

		Tax Units with Ta	ax Increase or Cut ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶		
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Ta	ax Cut	With Tax I	ncrease	in After-Tax	Federal Tax	Federal Tax	Change (%	Under the	
Percentile	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Proposal	
Lowest Quintile	62.6	-100	9.3	190	0.2	0.8	-50	-0.2	4.1	
Second Quintile	71.6	-460	19.8	510	0.5	3.0	-230	-0.5	8.4	
Middle Quintile	70.8	-1,100	27.8	1,290	0.5	4.9	-420	-0.5	13.4	
Fourth Quintile	66.5	-1,920	33.1	2,510	0.4	4.3	-450	-0.3	16.7	
Top Quintile	46.4	-27,910	53.4	4,400	3.0	86.6	-10,610	-2.2	24.0	
All	64.7	-3,480	25.3	2,220	1.7	100.0	-1,690	-1.4	18.8	
ddendum										
80-90	41.4	-3,250	58.4	3,710	-0.4	-3.5	820	0.4	20.1	
90-95	38.4	-5,110	61.5	4,420	-0.3	-1.5	760	0.2	22.1	
95-99	59.6	-16,200	40.3	4,990	1.8	11.9	-7,640	-1.4	24.2	
Top 1 Percent	90.1	-234,050	9.8	39,350	8.7	79.7	-207,060	-5.8	27.6	
Top 0.1 Percent	97.0	-1,071,340	3.0	549,600	9.7	39.6	-1,022,120	-6.4	27.4	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.6

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

Proposal: 0

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$28,100; 40% \$54,700; 60% \$93,200; 80% \$154,900; 90% \$225,400; 95% \$304,600; 99% \$912,100; 99.9% \$5,088,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2027 ¹ Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ⁴	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Share of Total Federal Tax	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate 6
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase		Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	62.6	9.3	0.2	0.8	-50	-5.4	0.0	1.0	-0.2	4.1
Second Quintile	71.6	19.8	0.5	3.0	-230	-5.0	0.1	4.1	-0.5	8.4
Middle Quintile	70.8	27.8	0.5	4.9	-420	-3.4	0.4	10.2	-0.5	13.4
Fourth Quintile	66.5	33.1	0.4	4.3	-450	-1.7	0.9	17.3	-0.3	16.7
Top Quintile	46.4	53.4	3.0	86.6	-10,610	-8.5	-1.3	67.4	-2.2	24.0
All	64.7	25.3	1.7	100.0	-1,690	-6.7	0.0	100.0	-1.4	18.8
Addendum										
80-90	41.4	58.4	-0.4	-3.5	820	1.8	1.2	14.4	0.4	20.1
90-95	38.4	61.5	-0.3	-1.5	760	1.1	0.8	10.3	0.2	22.1
95-99	59.6	40.3	1.8	11.9	-7,640	-5.3	0.2	15.4	-1.4	24.2
Top 1 Percent	90.1	9.8	8.7	79.7	-207,060	-17.4	-3.5	27.2	-5.8	27.6
Top 0.1 Percent	97.0	3.0	9.7	39.6	-1,022,120	-19.0	-1.8	12.2	-6.4	27.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2027¹

Tax Units Pre-Tax Income Federal Tax Burden Average After-Tax Income 5 Expanded Cash Income Federal Tax Percentile 2,3 Number Percent of Percent of Percent of Average (dollars) Average (dollars) Percent of Total Average (dollars) Rate⁶ (thousands) Total Total Total Lowest Quintile 50,190 26.9 20,480 4.4 880 0.9 19,590 5.3 4.3 Second Quintile 42,290 50,580 4,480 4.0 46,110 10.5 22.7 9.2 8.9 Middle Quintile 36,880 19.8 90,630 14.3 12,520 9.8 78,100 15.5 13.8 Fourth Quintile 30,280 16.2 151,060 19.6 25,600 16.5 125,460 20.4 17.0 Top Quintile 25,810 13.8 477,190 52.7 125,290 68.6 351,910 48.7 26.3 All ***** 100.0 125,120 100.0 25,240 100.0 99,880 100.0 20.2 Addendum 234,500 188,100 19.8 80-90 13,370 7.2 13.4 46.400 13.2 13.5 90-95 325,770 254,470 21.9 6,290 3.4 8.8 71,300 9.5 8.6 4.930 2.6 567,980 12.0 15.2 422,790 11.2 25.6 95-99 145,190 Top 1 Percent 1.220 0.7 3,561,250 18.5 1,191,350 30.8 2,369,900 15.5 33.5 120 0.1 15,942,810 5,392,820 14.0 10,549,990 6.9 Top 0.1 Percent 8.4 33.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.6 Proposal: 0

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax no foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$28,100; 40% \$54,700; 60% \$93,200; 80% \$154,900; 90% \$225,400; 95% \$304,600; 99% \$912,100; 99.9% \$5,088,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	60.4	14.0	0.2	0.4	-30	-7.7	0.0	0.3	-0.2	1.9
Second Quintile	65.4	17.8	0.2	0.9	-70	-2.0	0.2	3.2	-0.2	7.7
Middle Quintile	76.8	20.3	0.6	4.8	-410	-4.1	0.2	8.1	-0.5	12.0
Fourth Quintile	69.3	30.1	0.4	4.3	-400	-1.8	0.8	16.6	-0.3	16.0
Top Quintile	50.5	49.3	2.9	89.1	-8,520	-8.2	-1.2	71.6	-2.1	23.7
All	64.7	25.3	1.7	100.0	-1,690	-6.7	0.0	100.0	-1.4	18.8
Addendum										
80-90	46.0	53.8	-0.5	-4.2	790	2.0	1.3	15.2	0.4	19.9
90-95	44.9	54.8	-0.1	-0.6	240	0.4	0.8	11.5	0.1	21.7
95-99	61.2	38.7	1.7	12.5	-6,090	-5.0	0.3	17.0	-1.3	24.0
Top 1 Percent	88.7	11.3	8.6	81.4	-183,680	-17.3	-3.6	27.9	-5.8	27.5
Top 0.1 Percent	96.6	3.3	9.8	42.3	-924,840	-19.2	-2.0	12.8	-6.5	27.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 1

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ıx Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average – Federal Tax	
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶	
Lowest Quintile	40,420	21.7	19,060	3.3	380	0.3	18,680	4.1	2.0	
Second Quintile	40,050	21.5	44,880	7.7	3,540	3.0	41,340	8.9	7.9	
Middle Quintile	37,180	19.9	80,360	12.8	10,030	7.9	70,330	14.0	12.5	
Fourth Quintile	34,780	18.6	131,670	19.6	21,420	15.8	110,250	20.6	16.3	
Top Quintile	33,020	17.7	401,680	56.8	103,840	72.8	297,840	52.8	25.9	
All	****	100.0	125,120	100.0	25,240	100.0	99,880	100.0	20.2	
Addendum										
80-90	16,750	9.0	199,670	14.3	38,980	13.9	160,690	14.4	19.5	
90-95	8,380	4.5	278,520	10.0	60,110	10.7	218,410	9.8	21.6	
95-99	6,490	3.5	480,930	13.4	121,510	16.7	359,420	12.5	25.3	
Top 1 Percent	1,400	0.8	3,188,810	19.1	1,059,720	31.5	2,129,090	16.0	33.2	
Top 0.1 Percent	140	0.1	14,215,210	8.8	4,818,680	14.8	9,396,540	7.3	33.9	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.6 Proposal: 0

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax no foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$499,400; 99.% \$2,893,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 ¹ Detail Table – Single Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units 4		•	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	63.2	4.0	0.3	1.4	-40	-3.9	0.1	2.5	-0.3	6.7
Second Quintile	70.0	7.8	0.4	4.1	-130	-4.6	0.1	6.2	-0.4	7.2
Middle Quintile	81.0	15.2	0.9	12.1	-480	-6.3	0.1	13.1	-0.8	11.8
Fourth Quintile	70.9	28.6	0.6	8.5	-470	-2.9	0.8	20.9	-0.5	16.7
Top Quintile	50.2	49.4	2.9	73.0	-5,180	-8.5	-1.1	57.2	-2.1	23.0
All	68.3	15.8	1.5	100.0	-800	-6.8	0.0	100.0	-1.2	16.4
Addendum										
80-90	49.3	50.5	-0.3	-2.6	320	1.1	1.4	17.4	0.2	20.9
90-95	45.2	53.9	0.1	0.4	-120	-0.3	0.7	10.5	-0.1	22.1
95-99	56.2	43.7	2.4	14.8	-5,980	-7.3	-0.1	13.7	-1.8	23.2
Top 1 Percent	78.2	21.8	11.3	60.4	-172,760	-22.0	-3.1	15.6	-7.5	26.4
Top 0.1 Percent	96.6	3.2	12.5	31.9	-860,730	-24.1	-1.7	7.3	-8.3	26.0

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Ta	ix Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average	
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Lowest Quintile	25,710	27.6	14,650	6.1	1,030	2.4	13,630	6.9	7.0	
Second Quintile	24,410	26.2	35,610	14.1	2,690	6.0	32,920	15.8	7.5	
Middle Quintile	18,580	20.0	60,990	18.3	7,650	13.0	53,340	19.5	12.5	
Fourth Quintile	13,310	14.3	95,440	20.6	16,390	20.0	79,050	20.7	17.2	
Top Quintile	10,430	11.2	242,640	41.0	60,910	58.3	181,720	37.2	25.1	
All	93,140	100.0	66,360	100.0	11,700	100.0	54,660	100.0	17.6	
Addendum										
80-90	5,910	6.3	143,620	13.7	29,650	16.1	113,960	13.2	20.7	
90-95	2,440	2.6	198,710	7.8	43,940	9.8	154,770	7.4	22.1	
95-99	1,830	2.0	327,380	9.7	82,050	13.8	245,330	8.8	25.1	
Top 1 Percent	260	0.3	2,316,840	9.7	784,550	18.6	1,532,290	7.8	33.9	
Top 0.1 Percent	30	0.0	10,435,690	4.6	3,574,370	9.0	6,861,330	3.7	34.3	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$439,400; 99.9% \$2,839,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units 4		Percent Change S in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Fede	ral Tax Rate 6
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	52.7	26.1	0.0	0.0	-10	-2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
Second Quintile	47.3	39.1	-0.2	-0.4	100	1.8	0.1	1.4	0.2	8.6
Middle Quintile	71.0	26.2	0.4	2.0	-350	-2.8	0.2	5.2	-0.3	11.6
Fourth Quintile	71.3	28.2	0.4	4.1	-530	-2.1	0.7	14.2	-0.3	15.3
Top Quintile	50.9	49.0	2.8	93.9	-10,210	-8.1	-1.0	79.1	-2.1	23.9
All	60.3	35.4	1.9	100.0	-3,460	-6.9	0.0	100.0	-1.5	20.5
Addendum										
80-90	45.0	54.9	-0.6	-4.5	1,050	2.3	1.3	14.7	0.4	19.5
90-95	44.8	55.1	-0.2	-1.0	420	0.6	0.9	12.3	0.1	21.5
95-99	61.9	38.0	1.5	12.0	-6,150	-4.4	0.5	19.2	-1.1	24.2
Top 1 Percent	91.1	8.9	8.1	87.5	-183,040	-16.4	-3.8	32.9	-5.5	27.7
Top 0.1 Percent	96.8	3.2	9.3	44.1	-933,160	-18.2	-2.0	14.7	-6.2	27.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ıx Burden	After-Tax In	icome ⁵	Average - Federal Tax	
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶	
Lowest Quintile	5,640	8.7	28,010	1.1	240	0.0	27,770	1.4	0.8	
Second Quintile	7,840	12.1	63,850	3.4	5,400	1.3	58,450	4.0	8.5	
Middle Quintile	12,690	19.6	105,370	9.1	12,610	4.9	92,760	10.2	12.0	
Fourth Quintile	17,550	27.2	159,460	19.0	24,950	13.5	134,520	20.5	15.7	
Top Quintile	20,560	31.8	486,480	67.8	126,440	80.1	360,040	64.3	26.0	
All	64,660	100.0	228,230	100.0	50,180	100.0	178,050	100.0	22.0	
Addendum										
80-90	9,670	15.0	236,000	15.5	44,870	13.4	191,130	16.1	19.0	
90-95	5,470	8.5	315,660	11.7	67,300	11.4	248,360	11.8	21.3	
95-99	4,350	6.7	551,900	16.3	139,580	18.7	412,320	15.6	25.3	
Top 1 Percent	1,070	1.7	3,361,240	24.3	1,113,810	36.7	2,247,430	20.9	33.1	
Top 0.1 Percent	110	0.2	15,125,960	10.8	5,122,190	16.7	10,003,770	9.2	33.9	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$439,400; 99.9% \$2,839,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units 4		Percent Change : in After-Tax	Share of Total	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate 6
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	56.0	36.4	0.0	1.3	-10	0.7	-0.2	-5.4	0.0	-5.9
Second Quintile	68.7	28.2	0.2	8.8	-80	-2.0	0.1	11.7	-0.2	7.3
Middle Quintile	76.1	23.5	0.4	23.9	-330	-2.7	0.0	23.2	-0.4	12.8
Fourth Quintile	56.2	43.5	-0.4	-22.9	510	2.2	1.4	29.5	0.4	17.4
Top Quintile	46.2	53.8	1.8	88.6	-4,320	-5.6	-1.3	40.9	-1.4	23.3
All	63.0	33.3	0.4	100.0	-270	-2.7	0.0	100.0	-0.4	12.9
Addendum										
80-90	37.3	62.7	-0.7	-14.4	1,150	2.9	0.8	14.0	0.6	20.9
90-95	45.9	54.1	0.2	2.1	-430	-0.7	0.2	8.6	-0.2	22.9
95-99	82.5	17.5	1.6	13.4	-5,130	-4.8	-0.2	7.2	-1.2	23.9
Top 1 Percent	85.3	13.1	8.7	87.6	-190,190	-17.7	-2.0	11.1	-5.8	27.1
Top 0.1 Percent	98.2	1.8	10.3	54.4	-1,155,280	-20.3	-1.3	5.8	-6.8	26.9

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	icome ⁵	Average - Federal Tax	
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶	
Lowest Quintile	8,540	34.1	26,580	11.8	-1,560	-5.2	28,130	14.4	-5.9	
Second Quintile	7,080	28.3	56,290	20.7	4,180	11.6	52,110	22.0	7.4	
Middle Quintile	4,930	19.7	91,060	23.3	12,020	23.3	79,040	23.3	13.2	
Fourth Quintile	3,050	12.2	137,660	21.8	23,510	28.1	114,160	20.8	17.1	
Top Quintile	1,390	5.5	313,880	22.6	77,380	42.1	236,500	19.6	24.7	
All	25,020	100.0	77,090	100.0	10,180	100.0	66,910	100.0	13.2	
Addendum										
80-90	850	3.4	196,850	8.6	39,930	13.3	156,930	7.9	20.3	
90-95	330	1.3	279,200	4.8	64,450	8.4	214,750	4.3	23.1	
95-99	180	0.7	422,920	3.9	106,330	7.3	316,590	3.3	25.1	
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	3,255,020	5.3	1,071,850	13.1	2,183,170	4.1	32.9	
Top 0.1 Percent	*	0.0	16,897,630	2.8	5,705,320	7.1	11,192,310	2.1	33.8	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$439,400; 99.9% \$2,839,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 ¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Fede	eral Tax Change	Share of Fee	deral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	52.5	40.6	-0.1	-0.2	20	-1.0	0.0	-1.0	0.1	-5.5
Second Quintile	53.2	43.3	-0.1	-0.9	70	1.4	0.2	3.1	0.1	8.2
Middle Quintile	70.9	28.5	0.3	3.3	-290	-1.9	0.3	8.5	-0.3	13.4
Fourth Quintile	53.3	46.4	-0.4	-6.5	610	2.0	1.1	17.0	0.3	17.7
Top Quintile	32.7	67.2	2.5	104.0	-10,240	-6.8	-1.5	72.3	-1.8	25.3
All	53.0	44.5	1.3	100.0	-1,750	-4.8	0.0	100.0	-1.0	20.0
Addendum										
80-90	18.2	81.6	-1.6	-17.6	3,380	6.2	1.6	15.3	1.3	21.7
90-95	30.6	69.0	-0.7	-4.5	1,830	2.2	0.7	10.5	0.5	23.0
95-99	57.6	42.4	1.5	14.0	-7,240	-4.1	0.1	16.6	-1.1	25.8
Top 1 Percent	91.4	8.5	8.1	112.2	-203,200	-15.9	-4.0	30.0	-5.4	28.3
Top 0.1 Percent	96.2	3.9	8.7	51.5	-997,840	-17.0	-1.9	12.8	-5.8	28.1

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax Income 5		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	12,600	22.6	27,980	3.7	-1,540	-1.0	29,520	4.9	-5.5
Second Quintile	11,490	20.6	62,710	7.5	5,090	2.9	57,610	8.7	8.1
Middle Quintile	11,090	19.9	109,890	12.7	15,040	8.3	94,850	13.9	13.7
Fourth Quintile	10,430	18.7	176,080	19.2	30,550	15.8	145,530	20.1	17.4
Top Quintile	9,880	17.7	554,850	57.2	150,400	73.9	404,460	52.8	27.1
All	55,700	100.0	172,060	100.0	36,130	100.0	135,930	100.0	21.0
Addendum									
80-90	5,070	9.1	266,040	14.1	54,280	13.7	211,760	14.2	20.4
90-95	2,400	4.3	362,750	9.1	81,610	9.7	281,140	8.9	22.5
95-99	1,870	3.4	656,480	12.8	176,460	16.4	480,010	11.9	26.9
Top 1 Percent	540	1.0	3,786,310	21.2	1,274,550	34.0	2,511,770	17.8	33.7
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	17,365,000	9.1	5,869,520	14.7	11,495,480	7.6	33.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC. (1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate ANT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax. Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI. http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$499,400; 99.% \$2,893,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T17-0227 Unified Framework **Baseline: Current Law** Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027 1 **Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units**

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	37.8	4.9	0.2	0.3	-40	-12.5	0.0	0.3	-0.2	1.6
Second Quintile	57.2	9.3	0.3	1.3	-110	-11.4	0.0	1.5	-0.3	2.1
Middle Quintile	72.5	20.7	0.6	3.5	-370	-8.7	0.3	5.7	-0.5	5.5
Fourth Quintile	81.0	18.3	1.1	8.6	-1,120	-8.3	0.7	14.3	-1.0	10.5
Top Quintile	71.2	28.8	4.7	85.7	-14,090	-14.2	-1.0	78.0	-3.6	21.5
All	64.1	15.5	2.6	100.0	-2,340	-13.1	0.0	100.0	-2.2	14.5
Addendum										
80-90	70.4	29.5	0.9	4.0	-1,300	-4.4	1.2	12.9	-0.7	15.6
90-95	64.4	35.6	1.0	3.3	-2,150	-4.4	1.0	10.9	-0.8	18.4
95-99	76.5	23.4	3.4	13.3	-11,100	-10.9	0.4	16.5	-2.6	21.1
Top 1 Percent	91.8	8.2	10.2	65.1	-217,570	-20.6	-3.6	37.8	-6.8	26.3
Top 0.1 Percent	97.2	2.8	11.2	37.1	-1,005,390	-21.9	-2.3	19.9	-7.4	26.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2027¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ix Burden	After-Tax Income 5		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Ta Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	8,780	15.5	17,670	2.6	320	0.3	17,340	3.0	1.8
Second Quintile	16,320	28.7	38,650	10.4	940	1.5	37,720	12.1	2.4
Middle Quintile	12,880	22.7	70,220	14.9	4,230	5.4	65,990	16.8	6.0
Fourth Quintile	10,210	18.0	118,050	19.8	13,460	13.5	104,590	21.1	11.4
Top Quintile	8,100	14.3	396,180	52.7	99,090	79.0	297,090	47.4	25.0
All	56,780	100.0	107,160	100.0	17,880	100.0	89,280	100.0	16.7
Addendum									
80-90	4,050	7.1	179,710	12.0	29,310	11.7	150,400	12.0	16.3
90-95	2,040	3.6	254,970	8.6	48,980	9.9	205,990	8.3	19.2
95-99	1,600	2.8	430,800	11.3	101,990	16.1	328,810	10.4	23.7
Top 1 Percent	400	0.7	3,184,620	20.9	1,054,720	41.4	2,129,900	16.7	33.1
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	13,567,330	11.0	4,585,730	22.2	8,981,600	8.7	33.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would repeal individual and corporate AMT; personal exemptions; itemized deductions (except charitable and mortgage interest) and Pease limitation; certain business deductions and credits; and estate tax, Proposal would enact 3 individual tax rates of 12, 25, and 35 percent; increase standard deduction to \$24,000 married (\$12,000 single/\$18,000 head of household), indexed for inflation after 2018; increase non-refundable portion of child tax credit to \$1,500 (unindexed) and phaseout threshold for married couples to \$150,000 (unindexed); enact \$500 (unindexed) credit for non-child dependents; max tax rate of 25 percent on pass-through income; 20 percent corporate tax rate; expensing of equipment put in service through 12/31/22; territorial system with global reduced rate tax on foreign profits of U.S. multinationals; deemed repatriation over 8 years of accumulated untaxed pre-2018 earnings of CFCs, with reduced rates; index tax system using chain-weighted CPI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$20,200; 40% \$36,700; 60% \$60,200; 80% \$95,400; 90% \$135,200; 95% \$186,800; 99% \$499,400; 99.9% \$2,893,900.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.