Table T17-0148

Average Effective AMT Tax Rate (Percent) <sup>1</sup>

Group of AMT taxpayers	2016	2017	2018	2027
All	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6
By Expanded Cash Income (thousands of 2017\$) <sup>2</sup>				
Less than 30	**	**	**	**
30-50	**	**	**	**
50-75	**	**	**	**
75-100	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.6
100-200	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
200-500	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
500-1,000	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7
1,000 and more	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5
By Number of Children <sup>3</sup>				
0	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7
1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
3 or more	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
By State Tax Level				
High	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7
Middle	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
Low	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
By Filing Status				
Single	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.0
Married Filing Joint	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
Head of Household	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6
Married Filing Separate	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Ratio of AMT liability on Form 6251, lost credits, and the value of reduced deductions to expanded cash income. Tax units that are dependents of other tax units are excluded from the analysis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income classes. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm.

 $<sup>(3) \</sup> Number \ of \ children \ is \ defined \ as \ number \ of \ exemptions \ taken \ for \ children \ living \ at \ home.$