# Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes All Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	48,780	27.7	14,600	600	14,000	4.1	4.4	5.3	0.9
Second Quintile	38,760	22.0	36,370	3,150	33,220	8.7	8.7	9.9	3.8
Middle Quintile	34,290	19.5	66,960	9,260	57,710	13.8	14.2	15.2	9.9
Fourth Quintile	28,870	16.4	115,950	20,100	95,850	17.3	20.7	21.3	18.1
Top Quintile	24,300	13.8	347,920	88,640	259,280	25.5	52.2	48.5	67.1
All	176,100	100.0	91,930	18,220	73,720	19.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	12,490	7.1	182,130	36,690	145,440	20.2	14.1	14.0	14.3
90-95	6,020	3.4	259,830	57,040	202,790	22.0	9.7	9.4	10.7
95-99	4,650	2.6	440,180	111,070	329,110	25.2	12.7	11.8	16.1
Top 1 Percent	1,140	0.7	2,250,600	732,340	1,518,260	32.5	15.9	13.4	26.1
Top 0.1 Percent	120	0.1	10,609,590	3,542,520	7,067,070	33.4	7.6	6.3	12.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$25,000; 40% \$48,600; 60% \$86,100; 80% \$149,400; 90% \$216,800; 95% \$307,900; 99% \$732,800; 99.9% \$3,439,900.

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

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#### Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes All Tax Units

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 1

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After- Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	39,180	22.3	13,630	110	13,520	0.8	3.3	4.1	0.1
Second Quintile	37,020	21.0	32,000	2,310	29,690	7.2	7.3	8.5	2.7
Middle Quintile	35,060	19.9	58,430	7,360	51,070	12.6	12.7	13.8	8.0
Fourth Quintile	32,600	18.5	100,930	16,900	84,030	16.7	20.3	21.1	17.2
Top Quintile	31,130	17.7	294,310	74,020	220,290	25.2	56.6	52.8	71.8
All	176,100	100.0	91,930	18,220	73,720	19.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	15,920	9.0	155,450	31,000	124,450	19.9	15.3	15.3	15.4
90-95	7,840	4.5	221,670	48,770	172,900	22.0	10.7	10.4	11.9
95-99	5,990	3.4	376,890	93,390	283,500	24.8	13.9	13.1	17.4
Top 1 Percent	1,390	0.8	1,940,660	626,270	1,314,390	32.3	16.6	14.1	27.1
Top 0.1 Percent	140	0.1	9,276,300	3,100,270	6,176,040	33.4	7.9	6.6	13.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600: 99% \$422,500: 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

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## Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Single Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After- Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	26,620	29.6	10,700	640	10,060	6.0	6.6	7.6	2.2
Second Quintile	22,430	24.9	25,270	2,100	23,170	8.3	13.1	14.7	6.1
Middle Quintile	17,990	20.0	44,230	5,970	38,270	13.5	18.4	19.4	13.9
Fourth Quintile	12,850	14.3	72,790	13,050	59,730	17.9	21.7	21.7	21.7
Top Quintile	9,550	10.6	181,610	45,290	136,320	24.9	40.1	36.7	55.9
All	90,040	100.0	47,960	8,590	39,370	17.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	5,380	6.0	111,500	23,360	88,140	21.0	13.9	13.4	16.3
90-95	2,360	2.6	157,050	35,410	121,640	22.5	8.6	8.1	10.8
95-99	1,520	1.7	258,310	63,950	194,360	24.8	9.1	8.3	12.5
Top 1 Percent	290	0.3	1,292,820	439,310	853,510	34.0	8.6	6.9	16.3
Top 0.1 Percent	30	*	5,871,560	2,099,220	3,772,340	35.8	4.0	3.1	8.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600; 99% \$422,500; 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

# Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Married Tax Units Filing Jointly by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	4,940	8.3	20,510	-170	20,680	-0.8	1.0	1.3	0.0
Second Quintile	6,900	11.6	45,500	3,100	42,390	6.8	3.1	3.7	1.0
Middle Quintile	11,360	19.0	77,740	9,130	68,610	11.7	8.7	9.7	4.7
Fourth Quintile	16,300	27.3	123,430	19,810	103,620	16.1	19.7	21.1	14.8
Top Quintile	19,780	33.2	349,730	87,880	261,860	25.1	67.8	64.7	79.4
All	59,680	100.0	170,910	36,670	134,240	21.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	9,500	15.9	181,610	35,360	146,260	19.5	16.9	17.3	15.3
90-95	5,020	8.4	254,180	55,440	198,740	21.8	12.5	12.5	12.7
95-99	4,230	7.1	422,820	104,610	318,210	24.7	17.5	16.8	20.2
Top 1 Percent	1,040	1.7	2,054,280	657,750	1,396,530	32.0	20.9	18.1	31.2
Top 0.1 Percent	100	0.2	9,902,920	3,285,580	6,617,340	33.2	9.5	8.1	14.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600; 99% \$422,500; 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

# Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Head of Household Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After- Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	7,240	31.1	19,740	-1,710	21,450	-8.6	10.5	13.0	-7.2
Second Quintile	7,100	30.5	40,380	2,050	38,330	5.1	21.0	22.8	8.5
Middle Quintile	4,900	21.1	67,110	8,230	58,870	12.3	24.1	24.2	23.4
Fourth Quintile	2,730	11.8	104,730	18,000	86,730	17.2	21.0	19.9	28.5
Top Quintile	1,250	5.4	255,750	64,260	191,500	25.1	23.5	20.1	46.7
All	23,270	100.0	58,680	7,410	51,270	12.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	760	3.3	154,240	32,430	121,810	21.0	8.6	7.8	14.3
90-95	330	1.4	212,090	47,350	164,740	22.3	5.1	4.5	9.0
95-99	140	0.6	354,670	90,960	263,710	25.7	3.6	3.0	7.2
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	2,924,730	957,490	1,967,250	32.7	6.3	4.8	16.2
Top 0.1 Percent	0	*	16,886,040	5,683,620	11,202,420	33.7	4.1	3.1	11.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600; 99% \$422,500; 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

# Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Tax Units with Children by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After- Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	11,400	21.3	20,690	-1,650	22,330	-8.0	3.5	4.7	-1.4
Second Quintile	11,420	21.4	44,460	2,440	42,020	5.5	7.5	8.9	2.1
Middle Quintile	10,780	20.2	80,050	10,370	69,680	13.0	12.8	13.9	8.3
Fourth Quintile	10,130	19.0	135,440	23,520	111,920	17.4	20.3	21.0	17.6
Top Quintile	9,470	17.7	400,530	104,700	295,840	26.1	56.2	51.9	73.3
All	53,430	100.0	126,320	25,300	101,020	20.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	4,750	8.9	205,550	42,170	163,380	20.5	14.5	14.4	14.8
90-95	2,380	4.5	291,900	66,450	225,450	22.8	10.3	9.9	11.7
95-99	1,860	3.5	497,660	130,150	367,510	26.2	13.7	12.7	17.9
Top 1 Percent	480	0.9	2,510,160	820,500	1,689,660	32.7	17.7	14.9	28.9
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	11,647,050	3,849,380	7,797,660	33.1	8.3	7.0	13.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600; 99% \$422,500; 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

# Table T17-0009 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Elderly Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2018 <sup>1</sup>

Expanded Cash Income Percentile <sup>2,3</sup>	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	7,760	17.7	12,910	200	12,710	1.6	2.9	3.4	0.3
Second Quintile	12,000	27.3	27,010	650	26,360	2.4	9.3	10.8	1.4
Middle Quintile	9,540	21.7	51,560	2,990	48,570	5.8	14.1	15.9	4.9
Fourth Quintile	7,630	17.4	90,370	10,400	79,970	11.5	19.7	20.9	13.7
Top Quintile	6,630	15.1	287,440	69,560	217,880	24.2	54.5	49.5	79.4
All	43,950	100.0	79,580	13,200	66,370	16.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	3,360	7.6	140,140	23,320	116,820	16.6	13.5	13.5	13.5
90-95	1,600	3.6	198,250	38,400	159,850	19.4	9.1	8.8	10.6
95-99	1,320	3.0	338,490	78,630	259,850	23.2	12.7	11.7	17.8
Top 1 Percent	360	0.8	1,893,990	613,960	1,280,040	32.4	19.2	15.6	37.5
Top 0.1 Percent	40	0.1	8,634,630	2,894,380	5,740,250	33.5	10.1	8.1	20.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.2

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.05; \*\* Insufficient data; \*\*\* Less than 5 in absolute value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. For a description of current law, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

<sup>(3)</sup> The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are(in 2017 dollars): 20% \$17,500; 40% \$32,200; 60% \$55,400; 80% \$91,100; 90% \$130,800; 95% \$183,600; 99% \$422,500; 99.9% \$1,969,200.

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.