### Table T16-0242

# Income Subject to Tax and Effective Marginal Tax Rates in the Regular Income Tax and the Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT), Current Law AMT Taxpayers Only <sup>1</sup>

### 2015

Expanded Cash Income Class (thousands of 2016\$) <sup>2</sup>	Percent with More Income Subject to Tax In <sup>3</sup>		Average Adjustments and	Percent with a Higher Marginal  Tax Rate In <sup>5</sup>		Average Effective Margina Tax Rate (percent) <sup>6</sup>	
	Regular Tax	AMT	Preferences <sup>4</sup>	Regular Tax	AMT	Before AMT	After AMT
Less than 75	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
75-100	96.1	3.9	27,270	2.7	93.4	23.2	27.6
100-200	87.3	12.7	40,270	3.1	92.8	23.7	29.9
200-500	79.6	20.4	39,540	12.7	86.7	31.1	34.3
500-1,000	18.6	81.4	55,180	54.0	45.4	36.6	33.9
More than 1,000	11.1	88.9	334,490	65.9	30.2	34.5	32.4
All	67.1	32.9	53110	20.9	78.0	31.3	33.6

### 2016

Expanded Cash Income Class (thousands of 2016\$) <sup>2</sup>	Percent with More Income Subject to Tax In		Average Adjustments and	Percent with a Higher Marginal Tax Rate In		Average Effective Margina Tax Rate (percent)	
	Regular Tax	AMT	Preferences	Regular Tax	AMT	Before AMT	After AMT
ess than 75	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
75-100	97.4	2.6	27,420	1.8	97.3	24.1	30.0
100-200	89.4	10.6	39,950	1.3	94.2	23.7	29.8
200-500	79.0	21.0	40,200	12.2	86.9	30.9	34.3
500-1,000	16.8	83.2	52,880	55.9	43.7	36.7	33.5
More than 1,000	11.6	88.4	414,390	67.8	28.3	34.4	31.7
All	68.1	31.9	53,170	19.7	79.0	31.0	33.5

## 2017

Expanded Cash Income Class (thousands of 2016\$) <sup>2</sup>	Percent with More Income Subject to Tax In		Average Adjustments and	Percent with a Higher Marginal Tax Rate In		Average Effective Marginal Tax Rate (percent)	
	Regular Tax	AMT	Preferences	Regular Tax	AMT	Before AMT	After AMT
Less than 75	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
75-100	93.6	6.4	27,660	1.8	97.3	23.8	30.2
100-200	90.5	9.5	40,230	1.2	95.6	23.9	29.6
200-500	79.1	20.9	41,000	11.8	87.3	30.8	34.1
500-1,000	15.6	84.4	55,520	59.6	40.0	36.9	33.3
More than 1,000	11.7	88.3	481,860	67.8	28.7	34.6	31.5
All	68.8	31.3	54,620	19.4	79.3	31.0	33.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0516-1).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Insufficient data

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. AMT taxpayers include those with AMT liability from Form 6251, with lost credits, and with reduced deductions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other taxpayers. For a description of expanded cash income, see <a href="http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm">http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm</a>.

<sup>(3)</sup> Income subject to tax for the regular income tax is taxable income; for the AMT it is AMTI net of the AMT exemption.

<sup>(4)</sup> Amounts are in nominal dollars to facilitate comparison with AMT exemption amounts. For 2015 (2016), the AMT exemption is \$83,400 (\$83,800) for married couples filing jointly and \$53,600 (\$53,900) for single taxpayers.

<sup>(5)</sup> The marginal tax rate for each return is calculated by adding \$1,000 to wages, recomputing income tax net of refundable credits, and dividing the resulting change in tax liability by 1,000.

<sup>(6)</sup> Marginal tax rates represent a simple average across individuals.