8-Dec-15 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T15-0177 Effective Marginal Individual Income Tax Rates (EMTR) On Capital Income Under Current Law and Gov. Bush's Tax Reform Proposal By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2017 1

0.8 1.4 6.2	Bush Proposal 0.9 0.7	Change (Percentage Points) 0.1	Current Law 0.3	Bush Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)	Current Law	Bush Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)
1.4			0.3					
	0.7		0.5	0.6	0.3	2.8	1.3	-1.4
6.2		-0.7	0.9	0.6	-0.4	6.3	1.3	-5.0
	6.1	-0.1	7.2	6.5	-0.6	18.0	6.2	-11.9
9.8	10.0	0.2	11.0	11.3	0.3	22.0	10.0	-11.9
22.5	18.8	-3.7	22.0	18.9	-3.1	34.7	18.5	-16.2
20.7	17.4	-3.3	18.8	16.4	-2.4	27.4	13.9	-13.5
12.1	13.4	1.3	14.0	15.5	1.5	25.0	14.1	-10.9
14.1	15.1	1.0	16.4	17.6	1.3	28.1	17.1	-11.0
19.6	16.2	-3.4	22.4	18.7	-3.7	35.5	18.7	-16.8
23.9	19.6	-4.3	24.0	19.7	-4.3	37.5	19.5	-18.0
	19.8	-4.2	24.0	19.7	-4.3	36.8	19.6	-17.2
	14.1 19.6	14.115.119.616.223.919.6	14.115.11.019.616.2-3.423.919.6-4.3	14.1 15.1 1.0 16.4 19.6 16.2 -3.4 22.4 23.9 19.6 -4.3 24.0	14.1 15.1 1.0 16.4 17.6 19.6 16.2 -3.4 22.4 18.7 23.9 19.6 -4.3 24.0 19.7	14.1 15.1 1.0 16.4 17.6 1.3 19.6 16.2 -3.4 22.4 18.7 -3.7 23.9 19.6 -4.3 24.0 19.7 -4.3	14.1 15.1 1.0 16.4 17.6 1.3 28.1 19.6 16.2 -3.4 22.4 18.7 -3.7 35.5 23.9 19.6 -4.3 24.0 19.7 -4.3 37.5	14.1 15.1 1.0 16.4 17.6 1.3 28.1 17.1 19.6 16.2 -3.4 22.4 18.7 -3.7 35.5 18.7 23.9 19.6 -4.3 24.0 19.7 -4.3 37.5 19.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. We calculate effective marginal tax rates by adding \$1,000 to the income source and recomputing tax liability. Our computation includes the impact of the alternative minimum tax and the phase-in and phase-out of credits and other tax provisions. We assume that the increase in income does not change the reported amount of any deductions, exclusions, or other forms of income. Effective marginal tax rates are weighted by the appropriate income source. For a description of the Bush proposal, see TPC's "An Analysis of Governor Bush's Tax Plan."

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2015 dollars): 20% \$23,138; 40% \$45,264; 60% \$80,983; 80% \$143,029; 90% \$210,021; 95% \$296,946; 99% \$737,151; 99.9% \$3,794,482.